#### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

### FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	:	CRIMINAL NO
v.	:	DATE FILED:
IRVIN ELLIS	:	VIOLATIONS: 26 U.S.C. § 7206(1) (false tax returns - 4 counts)
	INFORM	<u>MATION</u>
	COUN	ΓΟΝΕ

### THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY CHARGES THAT:

At all times material to this information:

- 1. Defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** was an attorney operating a law practice.
- 2. Defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** was required by law to report all income from his law practice on Schedule C of Internal Revenue Service Form 1040.
- 3. On or about April 9, 1998, in Philadelphia, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

# **IRVIN ELLIS**

wilfully made and subscribed a United States income tax return, Form 1040, for the calendar year 1997, which was verified by a written declaration that it was made under the penalty of perjury and filed with the Director, Internal Revenue Service Center, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** did not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter, in that the return reported, on line 1 of Schedule C to the return, gross receipts of his law

practice of \$215,350, when, as defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** knew, his law practice had gross receipts of approximately \$415,003.83, a difference of \$199,653.83.

In violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7206(1).

## **COUNT TWO**

### THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FURTHER CHARGES THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Count One are realleged as if fully restated here.
- 2 On or about April 15, 1999, in Philadelphia, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

### **IRVIN ELLIS**

wilfully made and subscribed a United States income tax return, Form 1040, for the calendar year 1998, which was verified by a written declaration that it was made under the penalty of perjury and filed with the Director, Internal Revenue Service Center, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** did not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter, in that the return reported, on line 1 of Schedule C to the return, gross receipts of his law practice of \$232,475, when, as defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** knew, his law practice had gross receipts of approximately \$569,295.65, a difference of \$336,820.65.

In violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7206(1).

## **COUNT THREE**

### THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FURTHER CHARGES THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Count One are realleged as if fully restated here.
- 2. On or about March 17, 2000, in Philadelphia, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

### **IRVIN ELLIS**

wilfully made and subscribed a United States income tax return, Form 1040, for the calendar year 1999, which was verified by a written declaration that it was made under the penalty of perjury and filed with the Director, Internal Revenue Service Center, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** did not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter, in that the return reported, on line 1 of Schedule C to the return, gross receipts of his law practice of \$295,230, when, as defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** knew, his law practice had gross receipts of approximately \$527,983.06, a difference of \$232,753.06.

In violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7206(1).

## **COUNT FOUR**

### THE UNITED STATES ATTORNEY FURTHER CHARGES THAT:

- 1. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of Count One are realleged as if fully restated here.
- 2. On or about April 15, 2001, in Philadelphia, in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, defendant

### **IRVIN ELLIS**

wilfully made and subscribed a United States income tax return, Form 1040, for the calendar year 2000, which was verified by a written declaration that it was made under the penalty of perjury and filed with the Director, Internal Revenue Service Center, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** did not believe to be true and correct as to every material matter, in that the return reported, on line 1 of Schedule C to the return, gross receipts of his law practice of \$104,500, when, as defendant **IRVIN ELLIS** knew, his law practice had gross receipts of approximately \$133,806.94, a difference of \$29,306.94.

In violation of Title 26, United States Code, Section 7206(1).

PATRICK L. MEEHAN UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

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